

NOAA FISHERIES

Advances in Habitat Science to Support EFH:

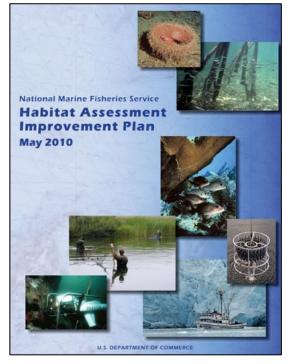
The **BIG** Picture

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NOAA-NMFS Office of Science & Technology EFH Summit, May 2016



Habitat Assessment Improvement Plan (HAIP)





Habitat:

- Place where species live
- Forms structural matrix of ecosystems
- Characterized by physical, chemical, biological, and geological components of the ocean environment

HAIP strategy:

Support increased habitat science and assessments to meet MSA mandates

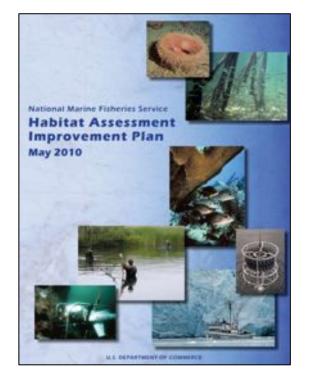
Habitat Science:

 Study of relationships among species & their environments in relation to fishery production and ecosystems

Habitat Assessment:

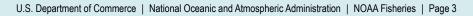
 Process/products associated with the best available info on habitat characteristics relative to the population dynamics of fishery species and LMRs

HAIP Recommendations





- Improve habitat assessments to integrate habitat information into stock assessments
- Improve identification and impact assessments of EFH
- Prioritize stocks and geographic locations that would benefit from habitat assessments (HAPWG)
- Increase collection of habitat data during fisheryindependent surveys
- Develop a plan for better utilizing advanced technology
- Convene regional and national workshops
- Develop a NOAA-wide strategic plan
- Develop new budget and staffing initiatives
- Engage with partners



HAIP: Progress Six Years Later





Progress has been made on many of the recommendations:

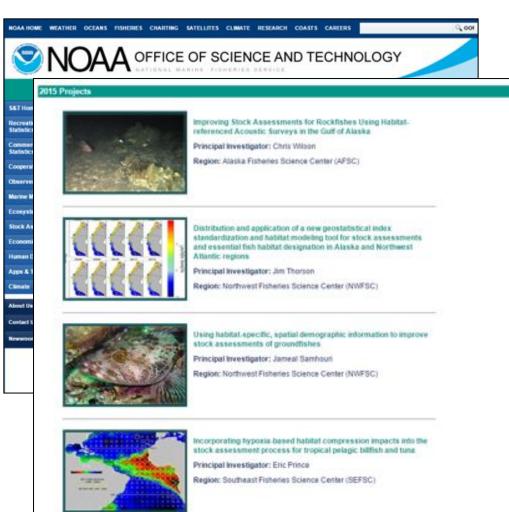
- Improving stock assessments
- Improving fishery-independent surveys
- Furthering EFH designation
- Advancing habitat science, conservation, and management
- Budget initiatives
- HAIP team intact and functioning

But there's a long way to go:

- Many data gaps remain
- Limited capacity to fill these gaps
- Many competing priorities
- Budget initiatives



Studies Improving Stock Assessments



2010 to 2016: <u>\$3.4M</u> in studies (32 projects) have been funded to incorporate habitat into stock
assessments.

Successful examples:

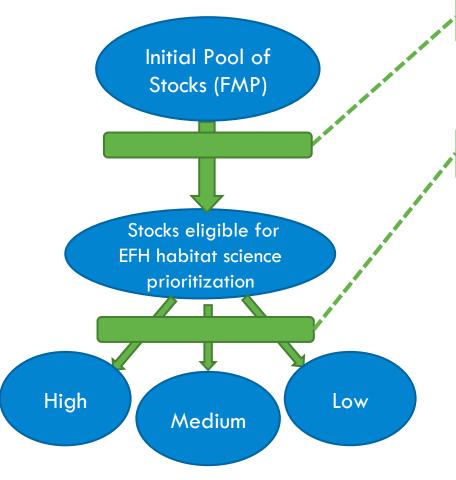
- Northeast Butterfish
 - Scaled catchability for survey data based on thermal habitat
 - Accounts for habitatdependent survey error
- West Coast groundfish
 - Habitat-based predictive models of groundfish abundance
- Gulf Brown Shrimp

http://www.st.nmfs.noaa.gov/ecosystems/habitat/funding/projects/index



Prioritization for Habitat Science for EFH

- Prioritize stocks to improve EFH consultations
- Regional rankings SW, NW, and NE completed; PI and AK in progress



Filter criteria (Y/N)

- FSSI stock or Council research priority
- Likelihood to inform EFH

Scorable criteria, 0-5 pts each

- Likely to advance EFH information
- Fishery status (e.g. overfished)
- Council research priority
- Habitat disturbance, vulnerability, or rarity
- Habitat dependence
- Ecological importance
- Economic, social, and management value

National Habitat Assessment Workshops (NHAWs)

NHAW I (2010):

- Focused on enhancing communication between habitat scientists and managers
- Joint session with National Stock Assessment Workshop (NSAW)
- Provided information exchange to help determine and address habitat science needs

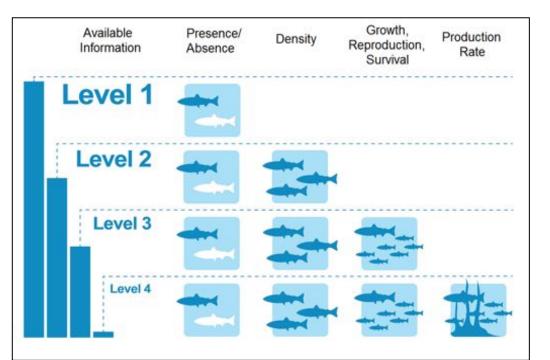
NHAW II (2012):

- The quantitative link between inshore habitat and offshore fisheries production was identified as a high priority knowledge gap
- Three pilot projects supported by S&T and OHC
- Provided basis for budget initiatives





Information Levels for EFH Designation



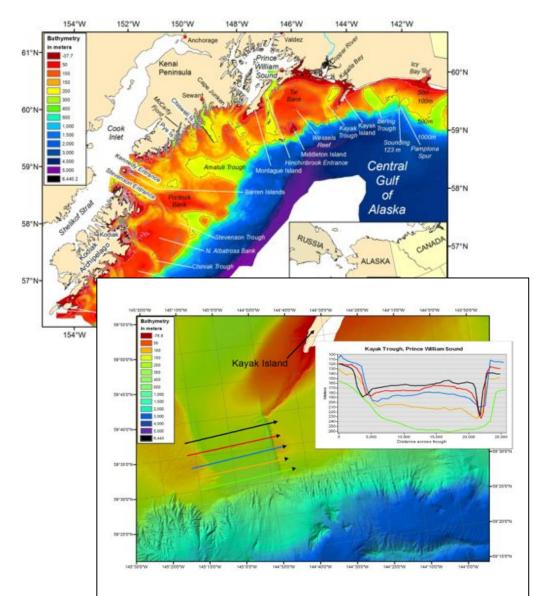


HABITAT PROTECTION

- Most EFH is Level 1
- Level 2-4 only exists for handful of species and life stages
- NMFS supports studies to incorporate Level 2-4 data into EFH and HAPC designations
 - Where possible, focus on supporting high-priority stocks



Science for EFH Designation



2014 Eagleton et al. (AKRO)

- Surveyed Gulf of Alaska and Norton Sound fish habitat & benthic substrate
- Biogenic information incorporated into habitat impacts models:
 - refined Alaska EFH and moved species descriptions to Level 2 density information
- Resulted in data-driven predictions of the 95% species distribution range
- Enhanced habitat-based modeling for Stock Assessments



Habitat Science is Key Component of EBFM

- NMFS close to adopting formal EBFM Policy
 - A systematic approach to fisheries management in a geographically specified area that contributes to the resilience and sustainability of the ecosystem; recognizes physical, biological, economic, and social interactions ... seeks to optimize benefits among a diverse set of societal goals.
- Habitat information and conservation are major components of EBFM.



 MSA encourages councils to use ecosystem & habitat science; FEPs include habitat information



Future Directions







There's still a lot of science to do:

- Habitat mapping
 - Status, trends, quantities
- Habitat-specific vital rates by life stage
 - Growth/survival/productivity by life stage
- Ecological connections between estuarine/coastal and offshore habitats and stocks
- Climate change impacts on habitat and species
- Ecosystem Services Valuation of key habitats

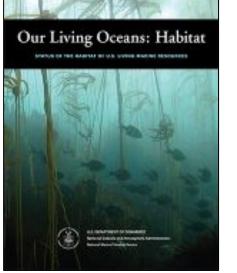


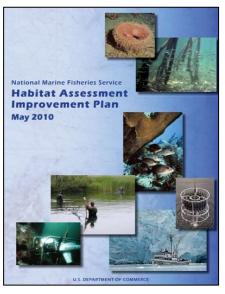
How Can We Get There?

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For More Information





NOAA FISHERIES

Our Living Oceans: Habitat <u>http://st.nmfs.noaa.gov/ecosystems/habitat/plans/olohabitat</u>

NMFS Habitat Assessment Improvement Plan <u>http://www.st.nmfs.noaa.gov/ecosystems/habitat/</u> <u>publications/haip/index</u>

NMFS Habitat Science Website http://www.st.nmfs.noaa.gov/ecosystems/habitat/

NOAA Habitat Blueprint

http://www.habitat.noaa.gov/habitatblueprint/

NOAA-NMFS Office of Habitat Conservation http://www.habitat.noaa.gov/

Questions?

